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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/574,922	05/22/2006 Ralph Patrick Braun		036481-0176	5540	
	7590 02/25/200 LARDNER LLP	EXAMINER			
SUITE 500	——- T NIW	LI, QIAN JANICE			
3000 K STREE WASHINGTO			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1633		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			02/25/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		А	Application No. Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summary			0/574,922		BRAUN ET AL.				
			xaminer		Art Unit				
		J,	ANICE LI		1633				
- Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this commur r Reply	nication appear	rs on the cover she	et with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress			
WHICI - Extens after S - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Nations of time may be available under the provisions DIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum size to reply within the set or extended period for reply ply received by the Office later than three months of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE s of 37 CFR 1.136(a munication. tatutory period will a v will, by statute, cau	E OF THIS COMM). In no event, however, n pply and will expire SIX (6 use the application to become	IUNICATION nay a reply be tim MONTHS from to MONTHS from to	l. ely filed the mailing date of this o O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 10 Octo	her 2006						
,—	,		tion is non-final.						
′ —		<i>′</i> —		matters pro	secution as to the	e merits is			
· —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
	·	ioo anaoi Ex p	are gaayle, 1000	, O.B. 11, 10	0 0.0. 210.				
Disposition	on of Claims								
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the a	application.							
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)□	6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> are subject to restricti	ion and/or elec	ction requirement.						
Application	on Papers								
9\ \	he specification is objected to by the	e Examiner							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
•									
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
·	•	o by the Exam	mor. Note the atte	101100 011100	7.00.011 01 1011111	10 102.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notice 3) Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I lation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	Pape 5) Notice	view Summary (er No(s)/Mail Da se of Informal Pa r:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions, which are not so

linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. Restriction is required under

35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

I. Claims 1-27 are drawn to a method of eliciting a T cell response against a T cell epitope,

wherein only nucleotide sequences of interests are involved. For example, which method

comprises a first immunization with a nucleotide encoding a T cell epitope of interest, and a

second, optionally a third immunization with a nucleotide encoding a T cell epitope of

interest.

II. Claims 1-27 are drawn to a method of eliciting a T cell response against a T cell epitope,

wherein a combination of nucleotide sequences of interests and a protein is involved. For

example, which method comprises a first immunization with a nucleotide encoding a T cell

epitope of interest, a second immunization with a protein comprising a T cell epitope of

interest, and optionally a third immunization with a protein or a nucleotide of interests.

III. Claim 28 is directed to a kit comprising a nucleic acid of interest encoding a T cell

epitope.

IV. Claim 28 is directed to a kit comprising a nucleic acid of interest encoding a T cell

epitope and a protein comprising the T cell epitope.

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2. The invention listed as groups I-IV do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1, because under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Particularly, Inventions II and I, or IV and III are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination (nucleotide-

protein, nucleotide-nucleic acid) as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed and the other component in each instance could lend patentability to the combination. The subcombination has separate utility such as inducing a T cell response with a nucleic acid alone without the presence of the protein as indicated in invention groups II and I, respectively.

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Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable

over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter and different search criteria, a serious burden is imposed on the Office to perform a complete search of the defined areas in both the patent and non-patent literature if all the groups are examined together. Therefore, the restriction set forth is proper and not to restrict would impose a serious burden in the examination of this application.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C.

101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.**

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

The differences of the Inventions I-IV are further underscored by their divergent classification and independent search criteria.

3. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: i.e. different types of T cell epitopes and adjuvant.

Upon election of one of the groups I-II, further election of a species is necessary, wherein the species is defined by the combination of the following factors:

- a. a specific first T cell epitope, such as an epitope of a HIV gag protein;
- b. a specific second T cell epitope, if it differs from the first, such as an epitope of Nef:
 - c. a specific third T cell epitope if applicable;

d. a specific adjuvant if applicable, such as a CTB.

Upon election of one of the groups III-IV, further election of a species is necessary, wherein the species is defined by the combination of the following factors:

- a. a specific first T cell epitope, such as an epitope of a HIV gag protein;
- b. a specific second T cell epitope, if it differs from the first, such as an epitope of Nef.

The different species are directed to structural different nucleic acids and proteins, and require different search fields.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if

the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

4. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is advised that where a single claim encompasses more than one invention as defined above, upon election of an invention for examination, said claim will only be examined to the extent that it reads upon the elected invention.

- 5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Q. Janice Li** whose telephone number is **571-272-0730**. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 am 7:30 p.m., Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Joseph Woitach** can be reached on **571-272-0739**. The **fax** numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are **571-273-8300**. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

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For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-786-

9199.

/Q. JANICE LI, M.D./ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1633

> Q. Janice Li, M.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1633

GL February 28, 2008